# Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

#### NORTH HENDERSON

#### IL1310300

Annual Water Quality Report for the period of January 1 to December 31, 2022

This report is intended to provide you with important information about your drinking water and the efforts made by the water system to provide safe drinking water.

The source of drinking water used by NORTH HENDERSON is Ground Water

For more information regarding this report contact:

Name Rob L Skull

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre el agua que usted bebe. Tradúzcalo ó hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.

## Source of Drinking Water

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

ontaminants that may be present in source water

include:
- Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.

- Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems.
- Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

Drinking water, including bottled water, ma reasonably be expected to contain at least amounts of some contaminants. The presence contaminants does not necessarily indicate water poses a health risk. More informatio contaminants and potential health effects cobtained by calling the EPAs Safe Drinking Hotline at (800) 426-4791.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe the drink, EPA prescribes regulations which lime amount of certain contaminants in water proby public water systems. FDA regulations estimates for contaminants in bottled water who must provide the same protection for public health.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contai

in drinking water than the general population in the drinking water than the general population in the drinking water than the general population cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who undergone organ transplants, people with HIV or other immune system disorders, some elderinfants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice drinking water from their health care provice EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and microbial contaminants are available from the Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

serious health problems, especially for prec drinking or cooking. If you are concerned ab for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using wat sitting for several hours, you can minimize plumbing components. When your water has bee associated with service lines and home plumb If present, elevated levels of lead can caus We cannot control the variety of materials : women and young children. Lead in drinking v Drinking Water Hotline or at vater, testing methods, and steps you can ta water tested. Information on lead in drinkin lead in your water, you may wish to have you ootential for lead exposure by flushing your is primarily from materials and components ninimize exposure is available from the Safe

Source Water Name

WELL 1 (31835)

100 GPM SUB

Type of Water

Report Status Location

QW

Source Water Assessment

We want our valued customers to be informed about their water quality. If you would like to learn more, please feel welcome to attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. The source water assessment for our supply has been completed by the Illinois EPA. If you would like a copy of this information, please by City Hall or call our call our please for our supply has been completed by the Illinois EPA. If you would like a copy of this information, please by City Hall or call our water operator at 100 273 To view a summary version of the completed Source Water Assessments, including: Importance of Source Water; Susceptibility to Contamination Determination; and documentation/recommendation of Source Water Protection Efforts, you may access the Illinois website at http://www.epa.state.il.us/cgi~bin/wp/swap-fact-sheets.pl. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water quality.

ground water supply. well hydraulics were not considered to be a significant factor in the susceptibility determination. Hence, well hydraulics were not evaluated for this system contamination threat. Because the community's wells are constructed in a confined aquifer, which should prevent the movement of pathogens into the wells, protected; monitoring barrier exists which should prevent pathogen movement; all potential routes and sanitary defects have been mitigated such that the source water is adequately during the Vulnerability Waiver Process: the community's wells are properly constructed with sound integrity and proper siting conditions; a hydraulic North Henderson Community Water Supply is not vulnerable to viral contamination. This determination is based upon the evaluation of the following criteria available hydrogeologic data on the wells. Furthermore, is based on a number of criteria including; monitoring conducted at the wells; monitoring conducted at the entry point to the distribution system; and razed. The Illinois EPA has determined that the North Henderson Community Water Supply's source water is not suspectibile to contamination. This determination located within 1,000 feet of the wells. Based on information provided by North Henderson officials, Tyler Seed (map code 07263), North Henderson Tire Service Source of Water: NORTH HENDERSONBased on information obtained in a Well Site Survey published in 1990 by the Illinois EPA, several potential sources are (map code 07264), and the auto repair shop (map code 07262) are out of business and the trucking company (map code 07267) is out of business and has been data did not indicate a history of disease outbreak; and the sanitary survey of the water supply did not indicate a viral in anticipation of the U.S. EPA's proposed Ground Water Rule, the Illinois EPA has determined that the

# Regulated Contaminants Detected

### Lead and Copper

Definitions:

safety. Action Level Goal (ALG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. ALGs allow for a margin of

ACTION Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or	oncentration or	a contaminant	wnich, if exceed	ded, triggers	rrearment or	orner redutie	SHELLE MITCH a	other requirements which a water system must rottow.
Lead and Copper	Date Sampled	MCLG	Action Level (AL)	90th Percentile	# Sites Over AL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Copper	2022	1.3	1.3	0.163	0	mdd	N	Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching wood preservatives; Corrosion of hous
Lead	2022	0	15	æ	0	dqq	N	Corrosion of household plumbing syste Erosion of natural deposits.
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Avg: Level 1 Assessment: Definitions: The following tables contain scientific terms and measures, some of which may require explanation.

Maximum Contaminant Level or MCL:

Level 2 Assessment:

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal or MCLG:

Maximum residual disinfectant level or

Maximum residual disinfectant level goal or MRDIG: MRDLG:

na: mrem:

: ddd

Regulatory compliance with some MCLs are based on running annual average of monthly samples

total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system. Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why

A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible system on multiple occasions.

using the best available treatment technology.

The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDIGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

not applicable.

millirems per yeu ... measure of radiation absorbed by the body)

micrograms per liter or parts per billion - or one ounce in 7,350,000 gallons of water.

## Water Quality Test Results

: mdd

Treatment Technique or TT:

milligrams per liter or parts per million - or one ounce in 7,350 gallons of water.

A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.